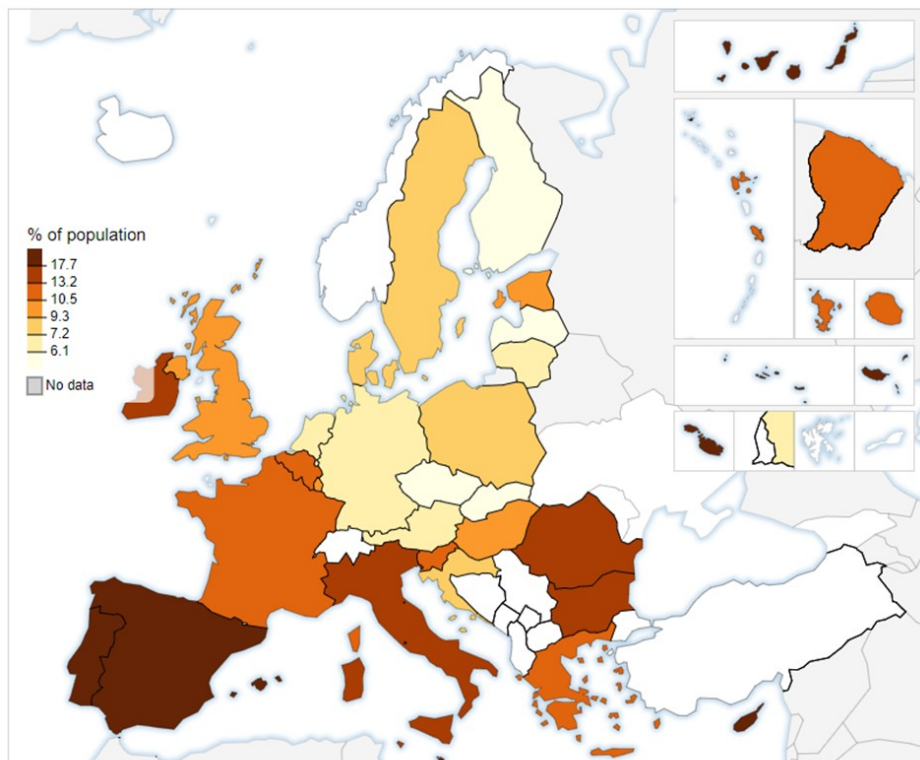


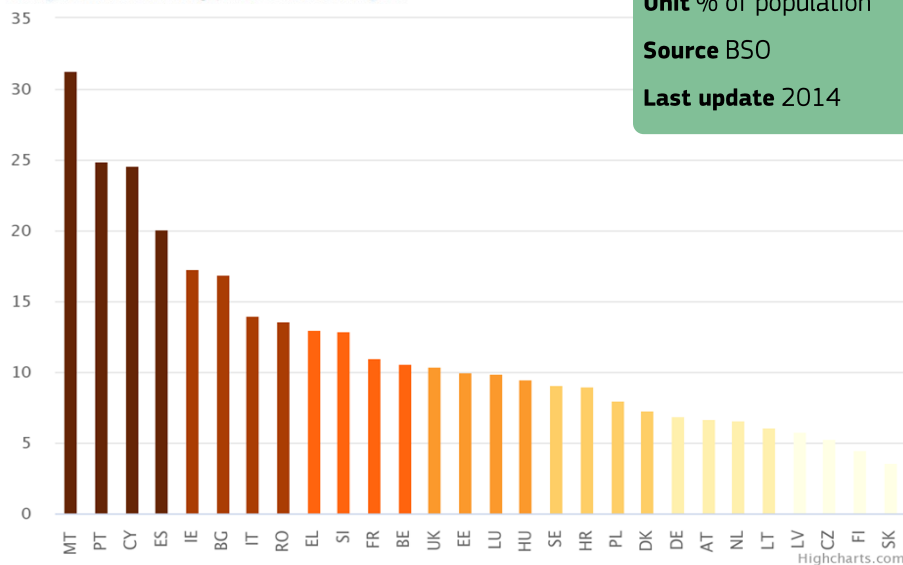
National indicator - Excess Winter Mortality/Deaths



Unit % of population

Source BSO

Last update 2014



The “excess winter mortality/death” indicator represents the share of excess winter mortality/deaths.

DEFINITION

The indicator provides relevant potential consequence of winter energy poverty. However, it contains **limits**:

LIMITS

- It does not focus on summer energy poverty
- Many others factors or events might be in the cause of excessive mortality
- It needs other indicators (energy expenditure, income, buildings energy efficiency, access to medical services) to investigate the connection



On a very cold winter, excessive mortality might be high, but other causes, such as floods or impact of significant viruses or diseases, as seen with COVID-19, can be at play.

EXAMPLES

More details and additional insights on the indicator are available in the EPAH report [“Energy Poverty National Indicators: Insights for a more effective measuring”](#).

