



EUROMETROPOLIS of STRASBOURG, France



The Eurometropole of Strasbourg (505,000 inhabitants), located in the north east of France, has a continental climate (average annual temperatures 7° (min) - 16°C (max), 1991-2020) and winters can be severe requiring significant energy needs. Energy poverty was estimated at about 20% (+5 points from the national average) in 2017 (nearly 50% of households below the poverty line, 60% of single people and 37% of women). The fight against energy poverty is part of several competences of the municipal and metropolitan block and a high priority of the two climate plans (EMS and Strasbourg).

The experiment "Positive Energy Territory for Green Growth" highlighted often a concurrence of energy-intensive housing and difficulties in paying for energy, both in the social and private housing stock. In the situations monitored, the origin of energy poverty was linked to the general state of the building/housing.

Various aid mechanisms are available in the region to support households, but they do not allow households to escape energy poverty in the long term. The aim of the technical assistance is to **reinforce the transversality of the management and to have a consolidated strategy** to fight against energy poverty integrating a prioritisation of actions with regard to the economic context.

